Emerging Markets Calendar

20 Emerging Markets Data, Policy and Market Outlook

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EM Data Releases and Policy Announcements

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		Industrial Production (Y/Y) Apr -0.5% Jun (f) -4.2% May -4.6% Jun (c) -5.0%	Economic activity has slowed significantly, particularly on the manufacturing side, but by and large, in most countries conditions cannot be called recessionary. With few
		Central Bank Meeting & Rate Decision (unch)	exceptions, consumer and investment spending remains well-supported, unemployment rates low; borrowing costs have diminished modestly as a disinflationary trend takes hold. Risks to the soft-landing scenario, however, have increased, particularly as a result of the European recession and the lingering possibility of a so-called Lehman Moment that could trigger a global crisis and would almost certainly bring growth to a halt in many emerging markets. It should, nonetheless, be mentioned that on the positive side, there is a consolidation of healthy
	Consumer Prices (Y/Y) Apr 1.9% Jun (f) 1.7% May 1.7% Jun (c) 1.6%		
Industrial Production (Y/Y) Apr 1.3% Jun (f) 3.4% May 3.7% Jun (c) 3.1%			consumer-driven dynamics in the United States. It remains reasonable to expect that if a full-fledged financial crisis is avoided in Europe, emerging markets as
	Central Bank Meeting & Rate Decision (-25 bps.)		a whole would likely experience a <i>moderate</i> rebound later this year and into 2013, on the basis of easier money, stronger US demand, plus a bottoming and modest re-
	Industrial Production (Y/Y) Apr 2.9% Jun (f) 6.5% May 4.6% Jun (c) 4.1%		acceleration of growth in China. China is central to the EM soft-landing scenario. Emerging markets will probably replicate, more or less closely depending of size, economic structure and location, China's near-term growth pattern: further
			deceleration through the middle months of 2012, followed, later in the year and into next, by a moderate up-turn.
			China is also a key piece of the puzzle as regards risks to the EM soft-landing. Should the Asian giant slip into recession (or a recession-like stage, say 5%-to-6% growth), the pace of economic activity would be hurt significantly not just in manufacturing-oriented Asia but in commodity driven EMS there and elsewhere, as commodity markets would be heavily impacted. There is a reasonable expectation that such Chinese-recession scenario will be avoided, particularly as a policy easing is now more clearly underway.
	Apr 1.3% Jun (f) 3.4%	Apr 1.9% Jun (f) 1.7% Jun (c) 1.6%	May -4.6% Jun (c) -5.0% Central Bank Meeting & Rate Decision (unch)